

CSci-5552: Sensing and Estimation in Robotics

# Introduction to Pioneer Robots

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# Organizational Matters

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- Undergraduate Robotics Lab: KHKH 1-202
- Need to get access to the lab
- Each team will be assigned a robot/sensor
- Robots are in cages with padlocks
- Re-charge the robots after use

# Hardware

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- Pioneer robot (Pioneer 3 or Pioneer1)
- Laptop w/ Ubuntu (Login: csci5551 / Password: csci5551)
- Sensor (Laser scanner or Kinect)



Pioneer 1



Pioneer 3-DX

# The Pioneer Robot

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- Serial Connection for communication
- Differential Drive
  - Control wheel velocities independently
  - Max linear velocity 0.7 m/s , Max rotational velocity 140 deg/s
- Sensors
  - Wheel Encoders, Resolution: 100 ticks/rev
  - Sonar: 5 in front, 1 on each side
  - SICK Laser Scanner
  - Kinect

# SICK Laser Scanner

- Measures the distance to objects
- Connected via Serial (USB to Serial)
- Angular Resolution: 0.5 - 1 deg
- Distance Accuracy : +/-15 mm
- Range: 1 m - 8 m
  
- Notes:
  - Unreliable for distances below 20 cm and near scanner edges (+/- 90 deg)
  - Connect using “Blocking Connect”



# Battery Power

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- **Power-on Cycle**
  - Main power switch controls sensors and robot
  - Red/White Buttons for Motor Control
  - Powering off the hardware at any point is OK
  
- **Battery Usage**
  - Monitor battery charge from Green/Yellow LED or LCD panel
  - Do not let charge drop below 11 V (can monitor w/ software)
  - Do not forget to turn off robot when finished
  
- **Charging the Battery**
  - 4 charging stations in the lab
  - Full charge requires 2-3 hours

# How to Break Your Hardware

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- Pioneers with SICK are Very Top-heavy
  - If the robot is unstable, it can turn upside down
  - Do not stop robot suddenly
  - Do not operate the robot on an incline
  - Monitor robot at all times during operation
- Be careful when removing the laptop from the robot

# Robot Programming

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- **Aria** (ActiveMedia Robotics Interface for Application)
  - Open source C++ development library enables control and communicate with the robot.
  - <http://www.mobilerobots.com/Software.aspx>
- **ROS** (Robot Operating System)
  - A set of software libraries and tools that help you build robot applications.
  - <http://www.ros.org/>



# Installing Aria & MobileSim

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- Download ARIA and MobileSim from
  - <http://robots.mobilerobots.com/wiki/ARIA>
  - Follow installation instructions
- After installation, the default directory
  - /usr/local/Aria
  - /usr/local/MobileSim

# Setting The ARIA Environment

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## □ ARIA Directories

- Main: /usr/local/Aria
- Example: /usr/local/Aria/examples
- Documentation: /usr/local/Aria/docs/index.html

## □ Set Environment Variables

- `export LD_LIBRARY_PATH = $LD_LIBRARY_PATH: /usr/local/Aria/lib`
- ARIA should be set to /usr/local/Aria  
`export ARIA=/usr/local/Aria`

# Some Aria Methods

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- `void Aria::init()`
  - Performs OS-specific initializations.
  - MUST be called before any other Aria functions.
- `void Aria::shutdown()`
  - Shutdown all Aria/Process threads
- `void Aria::setKeyHandler(ArKeyHandler *)`
  - Sets a key handler function

# Some Aria Methods

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- `void ArRobot::addRangeDevice(ArRangeDevice *)`
  - Add a range device object to the current robot
  - Sonars and Lasers must be added in this fashion
- `void ArRobot::setDeviceConnection(ArDeviceConnection*)`
  - Sets the robot connection (sim or hardware)
- `bool ArRobot::blockingConnect()`
  - Block until successful robot connection
- `void ArRobot::addAction(ArAction *,int)`
  - Add an ArAction and set its priority
- `void ArRobot::run()`
  - Start the robot running in this thread

# Some Aria Methods

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- `void ArRobot::runAsync(bool)`
  - Start the robot running in its own thread
- `void ArRobot::waitForRunExit()`
  - Blocks until the robot finishes running
- `int ArRobot::lock()`
  - Lock the robot object (for thread-safe operation)
- `int ArRobot::unlock()`
  - Unlock the robot object
- `bool ArRobot::comInt(char, int)`
  - Poke the hardware (activate/deactivate sound/sonars, etc...)

# Control the Robot

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- `void ArRobot::setVel(double)`
  - Sets the linear velocity of the robot
- `void ArRobot::setRotVel(double)`
  - Sets the rotational velocity of the robot
- `void ArRobot::move(double)`
  - Moves the robot straight
- `void ArRobot::setHeading(double)`
  - Sets “absolute” heading of the robot
- `void ArRobot::setDeltaHeading(double)`
  - Sets “relative” heading of the robot
- `bool ArRobot::isMoveDone(double)`
  - Is the last specified move done?
- `void ArRobot::stop()`
  - Stops the robot
  
- All of these must be wrapped in `lock()` and `unlock()`

# Setting up SICK

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```
ArSick sick;  
ArSerialConnection laserConn;  
sick.configureShort(usingSim, ArSick::BAUD38400,  
ArSick::DEGREES180, ArSick::INCREMENT_HALF);  
sick.setDeviceConnection(&laserConn);  
laserConn.open("/dev/ttyUSB1");  
sick.runAsync();  
sick.blockingConnect();
```

- Resolution

- ArSick::INCREMENT\_HALF is 0.5 deg – 361 readings

- ArSick::INCREMENT\_ONE is 1 deg – 181 readings

# Reading data from SICK

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```
std::list<ArSensorReading *> *readings;
std::list<ArSensorReading *>::iterator it;
mySick->lockDevice();
readings = mySick->getRawReadings();
if (NULL!= readings) {
if ((readings->end() != readings->begin())) {
for (it = readings->begin(); it != readings->end(); it++) {
std::cout << (*it)->getRange() << " ";
}
std::cout << std::endl;
} else {
std::cout << "(readings->end() == readings->begin())" << std::endl;
}
} else {
std::cout << "NULL == readings" << std::endl;
}
mySick->unlockDevice();
```



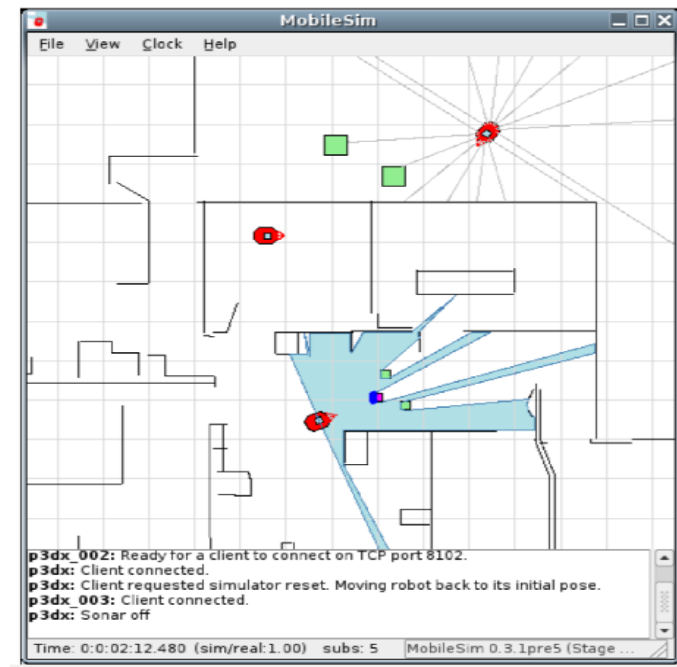
# Example: SickWanderUSB

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- Uses actions to cause the robot to wander around and not hit obstacles
- Steps:
  1. Switch on the robot
  2. Connect the robot to the computer (Serial-USB)
  3. Connect the laser scanner to the computer (Serial-USB)
  4. Run command: `ls /dev/ttyUSB*`
  5. Check that robot port = `/dev/ttyUSB0`, sick port = `/dev/ttyUSB1`,
  6. Run the command: `./sickwanderusb -rp /dev/ttyUSB0 -lp /dev/ttyUSB1`

# Running MobileSim

- `MobileSim -m <mapfile> -r <robot>`  
% `MobileSim -m AMRoffice.map`
- `Run your own program`  
% `./sickWander`



# Some Suggestions

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- If an Aria program freezes or refuses to exit properly:  
CTRL-Z, then ‘killall -9 <progname>’
- Pioneer 1 motors must be enabled manually
  - robot::comInt(ArCommands::ENABLE,1) does nothing
- Start project early
- Debug software issues with simulator
- Fine tune performance with hardware

# References

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- Aria documentation

<http://robots.mobilerobots.com/docs/api/ARIA/2.9.0/docs/index.html>

- Pioneer 3-DX datasheet

<http://www.mobilerobots.com/Libraries/Downloads/Pioneer3DX-P3DX-RevA.sflb.ashx>

- Sick laser scanner datasheet

<https://www.mysick.com/PDF/Create.aspx?ProductID=45446&Culture=en-US>